

Deployment & Virtualization

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1 / 12

How to manage multi docker containers

Docker compose

Docker compose can manage/configure multiple containers on a single host or more recently on a docker swarm cluster. You can configure :

- services (running containers)
- ports
- networks to connect services together
- volumes

Use cases :

- Manage containers on a production server (?)
- Avoid shell script to start your container

2 / 12

Docker compose example 1/2

Hello-world example:

```
version: '3'
services:
  hello:
    image: hello-world
```

3 / 12

Docker compose example 2/2

```
$ docker-compose up
Creating network "tmp_default" with the default driver
Pulling hello (hello-world:)...
latest: Pulling from library/hello-world
1b930d010525: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:b8ba256769a0ac28dd126d584e0a2011cd2877f3f76e093a7ae560
Status: Downloaded newer image for hello-world:latest
Creating tmp_hello_1 ... done
Attaching to tmp_hello_1
hello_1 |
hello_1 | Hello from Docker!
hello_1 | This message shows that your installation appears to be working
hello_1 |
hello_1 | (...)
hello_1 |
tmp_hello_1 exited with code 0
```

4 / 12

Docker compose more real life example

Docker compose example from
<https://docs.docker.com/compose/gettingstarted/>

```
version: '3'
services:
  web:
    build: .
    ports:
      - "5000:5000"
    volumes:
      - ./code
  redis:
    image: "redis:alpine"
```

5 / 12

Docker swarm

- Manage docker cluster
- Integrated to docker (docker swarm command)
- Internal load balancer
- Docker compose can deploy services directly into a docker swarm cluster
- Easy and lightweight setup
- No dashboard but you can use <https://www.portainer.io>

6 / 12

Kubernetes

Google version of docker swarm with :

- Almost all docker swarm functionalities
- Auto-scaling
- Large community
- Complex installation/configuration
- Incompatible with docker CLI and compose tools

7 / 12

Docker alternatives

Features

1. low level container runtime (runc), OCI runtime
2. high level container runtime (containerd)
3. build images (docker), OCI image
4. registry (docker hub)

8 / 12

LXC (Linux Container)

- Use case : lightweight VM
- Used to be the runtime backend of docker before containerd/runc
- First linux container tool
- Doesn't manage images

Example of a config file:

```
lxc.rootfs.path = /var/lib/lxc/playtime/rootfs
lxc.uts.name = playtime
lxc.arch = x86_64
lxc.include = /usr/share/lxc/config/common.conf
lxc.net.0.type = veth
lxc.net.0.link = br0
lxc.net.0.flags = up
lxc.net.0.name = eth0
lxc.net.0.hwaddr = ee:ec:fa:e9:56:7d
lxc.net.0.ipv4.address = 192.168.0.3/24
lxc.net.0.ipv4.gateway = 192.168.0.1
```

9 / 12

Systemd-nspawn

- Modern version of LXC based on systemd
- Low level command from systemd : systemd-nspawn, machinectl
- Doesn't manage images : you have to manually initialize your root filesystem with tools like debootstrap or pacstrap
- Support for OCI runtime (Open Container Initiative)

```
systemd-nspawn --machine=cbuster --boot
```

10 / 12

- Compatibility with docker image format
- Try to be more secure by default
- Use systemd-nspawn to run container
- Actually the only alternatives to docker

Hello-world example :

```
rkt --insecure-options=image run docker://hello-world
```

- Support multiple image formats including the OCI and Docker image formats
- High level container runtime
- Docker-compatible CLI interface with podman
- Can run rootless
- Buildah propose a new way to build OCI images