

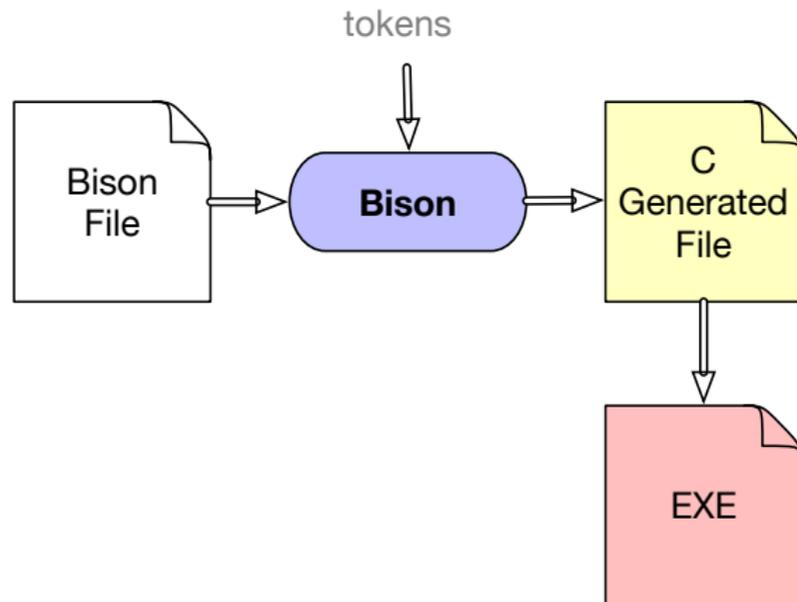
# Compiler Construction

~ Bison ~

# Bison

- **Bison**: replacement of YACC (*Yet Another Compiler Compiler*)  
Pun between Yak and Bison
- **Initial release**: 1985
- Written in C by Robert Corbett
- Generates syntactic analyzers (parsers)
- Generates LALR, LR, IELR, GLR, [...] parsers
- Used by GCC (until 2004/2006) and Go compiler (until 2015)

# Overview



# Typical Bison file

```
%{  
    [pre-code C (nec. def.)]  
}%  
  
[definitions and options]  
  
%%  
  
[production rules]  
  
%%  
  
[post-code C (subprograms)]
```

# Production rules

non-terminal:

```
    seq. of symb. { /*C*/ }  
| another seq.  { /*C*/ }  
| ... ;
```

## Remark

C-code is optional and is only executed when the rule is **reduced**

# Rules Reductions: LALR vs. GLR

## LALR-1 – Default for bison

- Default behavior when a conflict occurs:
  - ▶ reduce/reduce: reduce to the first rule in conflict
  - ▶ shift/reduce: performs the shift
- During a shift/reduce conflict the parser may be *miles away from the ball*

# Rules Reductions: LALR vs. GLR

## LALR-1 – Default for bison

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## GLR

- 1 During a conflict the parser walks the two branches hoping that one of the two will win.
- 2 Maintains multiple parse stacks
- 3 Allows ambiguous grammars

# Example

```
%%  
exp:  
    "if" exp "then" exp  
    | "if" exp "then" exp "else" exp  
    | "exp";  
%%
```

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%%  
exp:  
    "if" exp "then" exp  
    | "if" exp "then" exp "else" exp  
    | "exp";  
%%
```

## Problem: Dangling Else

"else" should attach to which "if"? Inner one or outer one? **if "exp" then if "exp" then "exp" else "exp"**

# Ambiguous grammar: solution

```
%expect 0
%right "else" "then"
%%
exp:
    "if" exp "then" exp
    | "if" exp "then" exp "else" exp
    | "exp" ;
%%
```

# Ambiguous grammar: solution

```
%expect 0
%right "else" "then"
%%
exp:
    "if" exp "then" exp
    | "if" exp "then" exp "else" exp
    | "exp" ;
%%
```

- %right: choose shift
- %left: choose reduce
- %expect: the number of expected conflicts

*Another solution would be to add "fi".*

# Bison – associativity

Let us consider  $x \text{ op } y \text{ op } z$

- **left associativity** (`%left`)  
will group  $((x \text{ op } y) \text{ op } z)$
- **right associativity** (`%right`)  
will group  $(x \text{ op } (y \text{ op } z))$
- **No-associativity** (`%nonassoc`) means that  $x \text{ op } y \text{ op } z$  is considered as a syntax error

## Bison – associativity (2/2)

### Important

- %precedence gives only precedence to the symbols, and defines no associativity at all.
- tokens declared in a single precedence declaration have equal precedence
- When two tokens declared in different precedence declarations associate, the one declared later has the higher precedence and is grouped first

# Bison – details

- **yyparse:**

- ▶ consumes the input stream (sequence) of token
- ▶ checks if the sequence can be reduce to the initial rule(%start)
- ▶ executes C-code associated to production rules used to reduce the input
- ▶ may raise errors (yyerror)
- ▶ return 0 or 1

- **yyerror:**

- ▶ to be provided by the user
- ▶ may be used for error recovery

# Summary

yyvsparse

%right

yyerror

%left

%nonas  
SOC