

# Development Tools

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# Development Tools

- 1 tc Tasks
- 2 Maintaining Packages
- 3 Tools for the Developer

1 tc Tasks

2 Maintaining Packages

3 Tools for the Developer

# The Tiger Compiler layout

- One module, one namespace
- One “library” per module, with a pure interface (`libfoo.*`)
- One task set per module, maybe impure (`tasks.*`)
- Tasks describe the command line interface
- Requirements over tasks order
- One class, one file base name:
  - foo.hh Interface
  - foo.hxx Inline implementation
  - foo.cc Implementation

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# Tasks: ast/tasks.hh

```
namespace ast
{
    namespace tasks
    {
        /// Global root node of abstract syntax tree.
        extern ast::DecsList* the_program;

        TASK_GROUP("2. Abstract Syntax Tree");

        /// Display the abstract syntax tree
        TASK_DECLARE("A|ast-display", "display the AST",
                    ast_display, "parse");

        /// Free the ast (if defined)
        TASK_DECLARE("D|ast-delete", "delete the AST",
                    ast_delete, "parse");
    } // namespace tasks
} // namespace ast
```

# Tasks: ast/tasks.cc

```
namespace ast
{
    namespace tasks
    {
        ast::DecsList* the_program = nullptr;

        void ast_display()
        {
            precondition(the_program);
            std::cout << "/* Abstract Syntax Tree. */\n"
                << *the_program << '\n';
        }

        void ast_delete()
        {
            delete the_program;
            the_program = nullptr;
        }
    } // namespace tasks
}
```

# Maintaining Packages

1 tc Tasks

2 Maintaining Packages

- GNU Tools
- Autoconf for tc
- Automake for tc

3 Tools for the Developer

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3 Tools for the Developer



**aclocal** Create `aclocal.m4` from `configure.ac`'s requests

autoconf Create `configure` from `configure.ac` and `aclocal.m4`

autoheader Create `config.h.in` from `configure.ac` (and `aclocal.m4`)

automake Create `Makefile.in` from `Makefile.am` and `configure.ac`

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# Programming Tools: Packages

A set of packages to maintain packages:

**Autoconf** package configuration [MacKenzie et al., 2003]

Automake package build [Duret-Lutz and Tromeu, 2003]

Libtool portable build of shared libs

Gettext package internationalization

Flex scanner generation

Bison parser generation

Boost C++<sup>2</sup>

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# Autoconf for tc

## 1 tc Tasks

## 2 Maintaining Packages

- GNU Tools
- **Autoconf for tc**
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## 3 Tools for the Developer

## Configuring a package

```
configure -----+-----> config.log
                |
config.h.in -.      v      .-> config.h -.
                +-> config.status -+      +--> make
Makefile.in -'      '-> Makefile -'
```

## Preparing a package for distribution

```
configure.ac --.
                |      .-----> autoconf ----> configure
                +----+
                |      '------> autoheader --> config.h.in
aclocal.m4 ----'
```

# Autoconf files

## Configuring a package

```
configure -----+-----> config.log
                |
config.h.in -.      v      .-> config.h -.
                +--> config.status -+      +--> make
Makefile.in -'      '-> Makefile -'
```

## Preparing a package for distribution

```
configure.ac --.
              |   .-----> autoconf ----> configure
              +----+
              |   '-----> autoheader --> config.h.in
aclocal.m4 ----'
```



# configure.ac 1: Initialization

```
AC_PREREQ([2.64])
AC_INIT([LRDE Tiger Compiler], [1.54a],
        [tiger@lrde.epita.fr], [tc])

# Auxiliary files.
AC_CONFIG_AUX_DIR([build-aux])
AC_CONFIG_MACRO_DIR([build-aux/m4])

# Automake.
AM_INIT_AUTOMAKE([1.14.1 check-news dist-bzip2 no-dist-gzip
                 foreign
                 color-tests parallel-tests
                 nostdinc silent-rules -Wall])
AM_SILENT_RULES([yes])
```

## configure.ac 2: C++ Compiler

```
# Look for a C++ compiler.
AC_LANG([C++])
AC_PROG_CXX

# Enable C++ 2011 support.
...

# Using pipes between compiler stages is faster.
AX_CHECK_COMPILE_FLAG([-pipe], [CXXFLAGS="$CXXFLAGS -pipe"])

# Use good warnings.
TC_CXX_WARNINGS([[ -Wall], [-W], [-Wcast-align], ...])
```

## configure.ac 3: Auxiliary Programs

```
TC_PROG([flex], [>= 2.5.35], [FLEX],  
        [Flex scanner generator])  
AX_CONFIG_SCRIPTS([build-aux/bin/flex++])  
  
TC_PROG([bison], [>= 3.0], [BISON],  
        [Bison parser generator])  
AX_CONFIG_SCRIPTS([build-aux/bin/bison++])  
  
# We don't need static libraries, speed the compilation up.  
LT_INIT([disable-shared])  
  
TC_PROG([monoburg], [>= 1.0.6], [MONOBURG],  
        [MonoBURG code generator generator])  
AX_CONFIG_SCRIPTS([build-aux/bin/monoburg++])  
  
# Fix minimum version and then check it  
m4_define([TC_HAVM_PREREQ], [0.27])  
TC_PROG([havm], [>=TC_HAVM_PREREQ], [HAVM],  
        [The Tree Virtual Machine])
```

## configure.ac 4: Libraries

```
AC_CONFIG_SUBDIRS([lib/argp])
```

```
BOOST_REQUIRE([1.61])
```

```
BOOST_CONVERSION # lexical_cast
```

```
BOOST_GRAPH
```

```
BOOST_PREPROCESSOR
```

```
BOOST_STRING_ALGO
```

```
BOOST_TRIBOOL
```

```
BOOST_VARIANT
```

## configure.ac 5: SWIG & tcsh

```
TC_WITH_TCSH([with_tcsh=yes], [with_tcsh=no])
AM_CONDITIONAL([ENABLE_TCSH], [test x$with_tcsh = xyes])

AC_CONFIG_FILES([tcsh/Makefile
                  tcsh/python/Makefile
                  tcsh/ruby/Makefile])
AX_CONFIG_SCRIPTS([tcsh/run])
```

## configure.ac 6: File Creation

```
# Ask for the creation of config.h.  
AC_CONFIG_HEADERS([config.h])  
  
# Ask for the creation of the Makefiles.  
AC_CONFIG_FILES([Makefile])  
  
# Instantiate the output files.  
AC_OUTPUT
```

# Automake for tc

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## 3 Tools for the Developer

# src/local.am 1: Variables

```
AUTOMAKE_OPTIONS = subdir-objects
```

```
AM_DEFAULT_SOURCE_EXT = .cc
```

```
BUILT_SOURCES =
```

```
CLEANFILES =
```

```
EXTRA_DIST =
```

```
MAINTAINERCLEANFILES =
```

```
TESTS =
```

```
EXTRA_PROGRAMS = $(TESTS)
```

```
dist_noinst_DATA =
```

```
noinst_LTLIBRARIES =
```

```
RECHECK_LOGS =
```



## src/local.am 2: Common Options

```
# Most headers are to be shipped and to be found in src/, e.g.
# tasks/tasks.hh is shipped in $(top_srcdir)/src/task/tasks.hh.
# Some are *built* in src, e.g., $(top_builddir)/src/modules.hh.
AM_CPPFLAGS = -I$(top_srcdir)/lib
AM_CPPFLAGS += -I$(top_srcdir)/src -I$(top_builddir)/src
AM_CPPFLAGS += $(BOOST_CPPFLAGS)
# Find the prelude.
AM_CPPFLAGS += -DPKGDATADIR="\$(pkgdatadir)\\"
AM_CXXFLAGS = $(WARNING_CXXFLAGS)
```

## src/local.am 3: Tasks

```
TASKS =  
include task/local.am  
include ast/local.am  
[...]  
include regalloc/local.am  
  
EXTRA_DIST += tiger_common.i
```

## src/local.am 3: Building libtc

```
lib_LTLIBRARIES = src/libtc.la
src_libtc_la_SOURCES = src/version.hh
nodist_src_libtc_la_SOURCES = src/version.cc
src_libtc_la_LDFLAGS = $(BOOST_PROGRAM_OPTIONS_LDFLAGS)

src_libtc_la_LIBADD = \
    $(top_builddir)/lib/misc/libmisc.la \
    $(BOOST_PROGRAM_OPTIONS_LIBS)
```

## src/local.am 4: Building tc

```
bin_PROGRAMS = src/tc
dist_src_tc_SOURCES = \
    src/doc.hh \
    $(TASKS) \
    src/common.cc src/common.hh \
    src/tc.cc

src_tc_LDADD = src/libtc.la
```

## src/bind/local.am: Binding Names

```
## bind module.
```

```
EXTRA_DIST += %D%/tiger_bind.i
```

```
src_libtc_la_SOURCES += \
    %D%/binder.hh %D%/binder.hxx %D%/binder.cc \
    %D%/libbind.hh %D%/libbind.cc
```

```
TASKS += %D%/tasks.hh %D%/tasks.cc
```

```
# Tests.
```

```
check_PROGRAMS += %D%/test-bind
%C%_test_bind_LDADD = src/libtc.la
```

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- Use `static_assert` (C++11)
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- Dmalloc
- AddressSanitizer, ThreadSanitizer, Memory Sanitizer, Leaks Sanitizer
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# Mudflap

```
int
main()
{
    int tab[10];
    int i;

    for (i = 0; i <= 10; ++i)
        tab[i] = 0;
    return 0;
}
gcc -fmudflap -lmudflap bounds-violation.c
```



# Mudflap

```
env MUDFLAP_OPTIONS=-viol-abort ./a.out
```

```
*****
```

```
mudflap violation 1 (check/write): time=1292501299.526454 ptr=0xbfc35d34 size=44  
pc=0xb77d13bd location='bounds-violation.c:8:5 (main)'
```

```
  /usr/lib/libmudflap.so.0(__mf_check+0x3d) [0xb77d13bd]
```

```
  ./a.out(main+0xb7) [0x804883b]
```

```
  /usr/lib/libmudflap.so.0(__wrap_main+0x49) [0xb77d0b89]
```

```
Nearby object 1: checked region begins 0B into and ends 4B after
```

```
mudflap object 0x8c7a080: name='bounds-violation.c:4:7 (main) tab'
```

```
bounds=[0xbfc35d34,0xbfc35d5b] size=40 area=stack check=0r/4w liveness=4
```

```
alloc time=1292501299.526444 pc=0xb77d0b2d
```

```
number of nearby objects: 1
```

```
zsh: abort      env MUDFLAP_OPTIONS=-viol-abort ./a.out
```

# Address Sanitizer (GCC 4.8, Clang 3.3)

```
int
main()
{
    int tab[10];
    int i;

    for (i = 0; i <= 10; ++i)
        tab[i] = 0;
    return 0;
}
```

```
gcc -fsanitize=address bounds-violation.c
```

```

=====
==8359== ERROR: AddressSanitizer: stack-buffer-overflow on address 0x7fff23839248 at pc 0x400730 bp 0x7fff23839248
WRITE of size 4 at 0x7fff23839248 thread T0
    #0 0x40072f (/work/roland/src/cours-ccmp/ccmp/dev-tools/a.out+0x40072f)
    #1 0x7f5c1b107eac (/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.13.so+0x1eeac)
    #2 0x4005b8 (/work/roland/src/cours-ccmp/ccmp/dev-tools/a.out+0x4005b8)
Address 0x7fff23839248 is located at offset 72 in frame <main> of T0's stack:
    This frame has 1 object(s):
        [32, 72) 'tab'
HINT: this may be a false positive if your program uses some custom stack unwind mechanism or swapcontext
      (longjmp and C++ exceptions *are* supported)
Shadow bytes around the buggy address:
  0x1000646ff1f0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
  0x1000646ff200: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
  0x1000646ff210: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
  0x1000646ff220: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
  0x1000646ff230: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
=>0x1000646ff240: f1 f1 f1 f1 00 00 00 00 00[f4]f4 f4 f3 f3 f3 f3
  0x1000646ff250: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
  0x1000646ff260: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
  0x1000646ff270: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
  0x1000646ff280: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
  0x1000646ff290: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Shadow byte legend (one shadow byte represents 8 application bytes):
Addressable:           00
Partially addressable: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07
Heap left redzone:    fa
Heap right redzone:   fb
Freed Heap region:    fd
Stack left redzone:   f1
Stack mid redzone:    f2
Stack right redzone:  f3
Stack partial redzone: f4
Stack after return:   f5
Stack use after scope: f8
Global redzone:       f9
Global init order:    f6
Discovered by ugar:    f7

```

# Valgrind and Memory Violation

```
#include <stdio.h>

typedef struct list_s { int val; struct list_s *next; } list_t;

list_t *list_new(int val, list_t *next) {
    list_t res = { val, next };
    return &res;
}

void list_print(const list_t *const list) {
    if (list)
        printf("%d\n", list->val), list_print(list->next);
}

int main(void) {
    list_print(list_new(2, list_new(1, list_new(0, NULL))));
    return 0;
}
```

# Valgrind and Memory Leaks

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

typedef struct list_s { int val; struct list_s *next; } list_t;

list_t *list_new(int val, list_t *next) {
    list_t *res = (list_t *) malloc(sizeof(list_t));
    res->val = val; res->next = next;
    return res;
}

void list_print(const list_t *const list) {
    if (list)
        printf("%d\n", list->val), list_print(list->next);
}

int main(void) {
    list_print(list_new(2, list_new(1, list_new(0, NULL))));
    return 0;
}
```

# Valgrind and Memory Leaks

```
gcc -g memory-leaks.c
valgrind --leak-check=full ./a.out
==9702== Memcheck, a memory error detector
==9702== Copyright (C) 2002-2010, and GNU GPL'd, by Julian Seward et al.
==9702== Using Valgrind-3.6.0.SVN-Debian and LibVEX; rerun with -h for copyright info
==9702== Command: ./a.out
==9702==
2
1
0
==9702==
==9702== HEAP SUMMARY:
==9702==   in use at exit: 24 bytes in 3 blocks
==9702==   total heap usage: 3 allocs, 0 frees, 24 bytes allocated
==9702==
==9702== 24 (8 direct, 16 indirect) bytes in 1 blocks are definitely lost in loss record 3 of 3
==9702==   at 0x4023F50: malloc (vg_replace_malloc.c:236)
==9702==   by 0x8048405: list_new (memory-leaks.c:7)
==9702==   by 0x804848D: main (memory-leaks.c:18)
==9702==
==9702== LEAK SUMMARY:
==9702==   definitely lost: 8 bytes in 1 blocks
==9702==   indirectly lost: 16 bytes in 2 blocks
==9702==   possibly lost: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
==9702==   still reachable: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
==9702==     suppressed: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
==9702==
==9702== For counts of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -v
==9702== ERROR SUMMARY: 1 errors from 1 contexts (suppressed: 11 from 6)
```

# A Clear Winner?

- Valgrind doesn't catch the previous Mudflap example.
  - Padding
  - Overrun into neighbor regions
- Mudflap and ASan do not know about uninitialized regions.

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# A Clear Winner? Kind of!

Actually Valgrind *does* catch the previous Mudflap example now, thanks to SGCheck, a stack and global array overrun detector leveraging debugging information.

```
gcc -g bounds-violation.c
valgrind --tool=exp-sgcheck ./a.out
```

```
==22757== exp-sgcheck, a stack and global array overrun detector
==22757== NOTE: This is an Experimental-Class Valgrind Tool
==22757== Copyright (C) 2003-2013, and GNU GPL'd, by OpenWorks Ltd et al.
==22757== Using Valgrind-3.9.0 and LibVEX; rerun with -h for copyright info
==22757== Command: ./a.out
==22757==
==22757== Invalid write of size 4
==22757==    at 0x4004BE: main (bounds-violation.c:8)
==22757==    Address 0xffff000408 expected vs actual:
==22757==    Expected: stack array "tab" of size 40 in this frame
==22757==    Actual:    unknown
==22757==    Actual:    is 0 after Expected
==22757==
==22757==
==22757== ERROR SUMMARY: 1 errors from 1 contexts (suppressed: 4 from 4)
```

# Intermission: `goto` Still Considered Harmful

## Old (bad!) habits die hard: Apple's Feb. 2014 SSL/TLS Bug [Langley, 2014]

```
static OSStatus
SSLVerifySignedServerKeyExchange(SSLContext *ctx, bool isRsa, SSLBuffer signedParams,
                                uint8_t *signature, UInt16 signatureLen)
{
    OSStatus      err;
    ...

    if ((err = SSLHashSHA1.update(&hashCtx, &serverRandom)) != 0)
        goto fail;
    if ((err = SSLHashSHA1.update(&hashCtx, &signedParams)) != 0)
        goto fail;
    if ((err = SSLHashSHA1.final(&hashCtx, &hashOut)) != 0)
        goto fail;
    ...

fail:
    SSLFreeBuffer(&signedHashes);
    SSLFreeBuffer(&hashCtx);
    return err;
}
```

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Old (bad!) habits die hard: Apple's Feb. 2014 SSL/TLS Bug  
[Langley, 2014]

```
static OSStatus
SSLVerifySignedServerKeyExchange(SSLContext *ctx, bool isRsa, SSLBuffer signedParams,
                                uint8_t *signature, UInt16 signatureLen)
{
    OSStatus      err;
    ...

    if ((err = SSLHashSHA1.update(&hashCtx, &serverRandom)) != 0)
        goto fail;
    if ((err = SSLHashSHA1.update(&hashCtx, &signedParams)) != 0)
        goto fail;
    if ((err = SSLHashSHA1.final(&hashCtx, &hashOut)) != 0) // Unreachable code.
        goto fail;
    ...

fail:
    SSLFreeBuffer(&signedHashes);
    SSLFreeBuffer(&hashCtx);
    return err;
}
```

Caught by Clang's `-Wunreachable-code` flag (but not `-Wall`)

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- Gives the possibility to travel back in time (e.g, to hunt bugs).
- Allows several, non-linear developing models (branches).
- Add some semantics to the development itself.
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  - But cannot make up for the lack of a real backup solution!
- EPITA provides Git repositories for the Tiger project.

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# Document with Doxygen: type/libtype.hh

```
/// \file type/libtype.hh
/// \brief Declare the function exported by type module.
#ifndef TYPE_LIBTYPE_HH
# define TYPE_LIBTYPE_HH





# include "misc/error.hh"
# include "ast/fwd.hh"

/// Type-checking an ast::Ast.
namespace type
{

    /** \brief Check types in a (bound) AST.
     ** \param tree    abstract syntax tree's root.
     ** \return        synthesis of the errors possibly found. */
    misc::error types_check(ast::Ast& tree);

} // namespace type
```

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